(F) Bonus: Platonic Solids

What are platonic solids?

Platonic solids are made of identical **regular polygon** faces.

Regular polygons have equal sides and angles. You may be familiar with these regular polygons:

- \blacktriangle Equilateral triangle(3 sides)
- Square(4 sides)
- Pentagon(5 sides)
- Hexagon (6 sides)

There are an infinite number of regular polygons, but only some can be used to make platonic solids.

Equilateral triangle based platonic solids

- 1. Cut out the shape to the right
- 2. Cut along the thick line
- 4. Fold along all the other lines

4. Match the edges numbered 1. This forms 3/4

sides of a tetrahedron (like the cool die)

5. Match the edges numbered $\mathbf{2}$. This forms 4/8 sides of an octahedron

6. Match the edges numbered **3**. This forms 5/20 sides of an icosahedron

7. Match the edges numbered **4**. This makes a flat sheet, not a platonic solid

Square based platonic solids

- 1. Cut out the shape to the right
- 2. Cut along the thick line
- 3. Fold along all the other lines
- 4. Match the edges numbered 1. This forms 3/6

sides of a cube

5. Match the edges numbered $\mathbf{2}$. This makes a flat sheet, not a platonic solid

Pentagon based platonic solids

- 1. Cut out the shape to the right
- 2. Fold along all the other lines

3. Match the edges numbered 1. This forms 3/12 sides of a dodecahedron

Questions:

Can other platonic solids be made with a pentagon?

Can any platonic solids be made with a hexagon (6 sided regular polyhedron)?

Hint: Try drawing hexagons below to find out.

What about regular polyhedrons with more than 6 sides?







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